



# WordMasters CHALLENGE

## ANALOGIES 101 SET B

The examples below will introduce you to analogies. Each analogy consists of two pairs of words. Your job is to make the second pair express a relationship between its two words that is as similar as possible to the relationship between the words in the first pair. For instance, in the analogy

**OWL : FOREST :: WHALE : \_\_\_\_\_**

the best word to place in the blank would be **OCEAN**, because "ocean" names the habitat of a whale just as "forest" names the habitat of an owl.

Now fill the blanks in the analogies below with the most suitable word or pair of words from those that are listed as choices.

- TENNIS : COURT :: HOCKEY : \_\_\_\_\_**
  - ice
  - goal
  - rink
  - puck
  - racquet
- FROWN : SCOWL :: SMILE : \_\_\_\_\_**
  - grin
  - happy
  - angry
  - cry
  - snarl
- PUPIL : CLASS :: SLICE : \_\_\_\_\_**
  - loaf
  - butter
  - toas
  - knife
  - cut
- WIND : BREEZE :: RAIN : \_\_\_\_\_**
  - clouds
  - downpour
  - hurricane
  - shower
  - sunshine
- RIVER : BRIDGE :: MOUNTAIN : \_\_\_\_\_**
  - ski slope
  - canal
  - tunnel
  - rockslide
  - barrier
- GARDENER : SEED :: WRITER : \_\_\_\_\_**
  - book
  - pen
  - paper
  - reader
  - word
- BIG : HUGE :: WET : \_\_\_\_\_**
  - damp
  - dry
  - icy
  - drenched
  - moist
- NOVEL : READ :: SONG : \_\_\_\_\_**
  - sing
  - dance
  - play
  - compose
  - listen
- SPONGE:WATER :: ENCYCLOPEDIA : \_\_\_\_\_**
  - pages
  - information
  - publisher
  - index
  - volume
- MILK : GLASS :: LETTUCE : \_\_\_\_\_**
  - salad
  - spinach
  - garden
  - tomato
  - bowl
- MICROWAVEOVEN:CAMPFIRE::CLOCK:**
  - wristwatch
  - computer
  - time
  - grandfather
  - sundial
- STOPWATCH : SECONDS :: MEASURING CUP: \_\_\_\_\_**
  - volume
  - pounds
  - weight
  - ounces
  - tablespoon

13. **YESTERDAY : TOMORROW :: ALREADY :** \_\_\_\_\_

- a. until
- b. soon
- c. after
- d. then
- e. before

14. **ENERGETIC : LAZY :: CREATIVE :** \_\_\_\_\_

- a. talented
- b. athletic
- c. unimaginative
- d. dreamy
- e. intelligent

15. **MOUNTAIN : HILL :: FLU :** \_\_\_\_\_

- a. hospital
- b. pneumonia
- c. sneeze
- d. cold
- e. temperature

16. **WRISTWATCH : TIME :: YARDSTICK :** \_\_\_\_\_

- a. inches
- b. yards
- c. length
- d. speed
- e. meters

17. **LAVENDER : PURPLE :: TAWNY :** \_\_\_\_\_

- a. tan
- b. pink
- c. brown
- d. black
- e. white

18. **FIRE : ASHES :: DINNER :** \_\_\_\_\_

- a. peas
- b. dessert
- c. leftovers
- d. oven
- e. serving

19. **BEACH VACATION : SEAWEED :: PICNIC :** \_\_\_\_\_

- a. basket
- b. sunshine
- c. sandwiches
- d. ants
- e. grapes

20. **TRUCK : VEHICLE ::** \_\_\_\_\_

- a. dog : poodle
- b. robin : bird
- c. fish : reptile
- d. kitten : cat
- e. mammal : man

21. **FLOWERS : GARDEN :** \_\_\_\_\_

- a. playground : children
- b. books : bookcase
- c. butter : refrigerator
- d. woodpile : logs
- e. store : toys

22. **FLOCK : GOOSE ::** \_\_\_\_\_

- a. forest : tree
- b. musician : orchestra
- c. continent : country
- d. sheep : herd
- e. case : pencil

23. **FURNACE : AIR CONDITIONER ::** \_\_\_\_\_

- a. spoon : bowl
- b. pencil : eraser
- c. toaster : can opener
- d. dishwasher : sink
- e. lawn mower : leaf blower

24. **ROSE : ROSEBUD ::** \_\_\_\_\_

- a. daffodil : tulip
- b. cat : mouse
- c. dog : puppy
- d. dandelion : weed
- e. fence : wall

25. **WINDOW : WALL ::** \_\_\_\_\_

- a. porthole : boat
- b. door : house
- c. mirror : room
- d. skylight : ceiling
- e. knothole : board

26. **SUNSCREEN : SUNBURN ::** \_\_\_\_\_

- a. mosquito bite : insect repellent
- b. aspirin : headache
- c. mittens : frostbite
- d. sunglasses : blindness
- e. cough : cough drop

27. **BARK : TREE ::** \_\_\_\_\_

- a. ivy : wall
- b. paint : post
- c. wings : bird
- d. stocking : leg
- e. scales : fish

28. **DUST : LIVING ROOM ::** \_\_\_\_\_

- a. kitchen : mildew
- b. chips : paint
- c. old clothes : attic
- d. driveway : pothole
- e. weeds : garden

29. **FORK : SPAGHETTI ::** \_\_\_\_\_

- a. hammer : nail
- b. hose : water
- c. shovel : soil
- d. toothbrush : teeth
- e. comb : brush

30. **AIRPLANE : PILOT ::** \_\_\_\_\_

- a. paintbrush : painter
- b. supermarket : cashier
- c. bookcase : carpenter
- d. nation : president
- e. captain : ship

## ANALOGY FORMATS

Here are some of the kinds of relationships which analogies may express. Make up a second pair to match the first pair given in each example.

- |     |   |                               |
|-----|---|-------------------------------|
| 1.  | <b>ANTONYMS</b>                           | sharp : blunt :: _____        |
| 2.  | <b>SYNONYMS</b>                           | dry : arid :: _____           |
| 3.  | <b>PART : WHOLE</b>                       | page : book :: _____          |
| 4.  | <b>WHOLE : PART</b>                       | automobile : fender :: _____  |
| 5.  | <b>TOOL : ITS ACTION</b>                  | scale : weighs :: _____       |
| 6.  | <b>TOOL USER : TOOL</b>                   | sculptor : chisel :: _____    |
| 7.  | <b>TOOL : OBJECT IT'S USED WITH</b>       | needle : thread :: _____      |
| 8.  | <b>CATEGORY : EXAMPLE</b>                 | emotion : grief :: _____      |
| 9.  | <b>EFFECT : CAUSE</b>                     | obesity : overeating :: _____ |
| 10. | <b>CAUSE : EFFECT</b>                     | fire : heat :: _____          |
| 11. | <b>INCREASING INTENSITY</b>               | bright : dazzling :: _____    |
| 12. | <b>DECREASING INTENSITY</b>               | glare : glow :: _____         |
| 13. | <b>ACTION : THING ACTED UPON</b>          | braid : hair :: _____         |
| 14. | <b>ACTION : SUBJECT PERFORMING ACTION</b> | sell : merchant :: _____      |
| 15. | <b>OBJECT OR PLACE : ITS USER</b>         | museum : art lover :: _____   |
| 16. | <b>NOUN : CLOSELY RELATED ADJECTIVE</b>   | swamp : soggy :: _____        |

Here are three important things to remember when you think about analogies:

**PARTS OF SPEECH.** If the words in the first pair express a “noun : adjective” or “verb : noun” or “adjective : adjective” relationship (for instance), the second pair should show the same relationship between parts of speech.

**WORD ORDER.** If the first pair expresses a “tool user : tool” relationship (for instance), the second pair must express the same relationship *in the same order* (tool user first, tool second).

**EXACTNESS.** Sometimes two or more of the given choices would make fairly good sense in the blank. When this happens, you should choose the word or pair of words that *most exactly* suits the relationship you’re expressing.

**ANSWERS TO ANALOGIES 101 – SET B:**

1. rink
2. grin
3. loaf
4. shower
5. tunnel
6. word
7. drenched
8. listen
9. information
10. bowl
11. sundial
12. ounces
13. soon
14. unimaginative
15. cold
16. length
17. brown
18. leftovers
19. ants
20. robin : bird
21. books : bookcase
22. forest : tree
23. pencil : eraser
24. dog : puppy
25. skylight : ceiling
26. mittens : frostbite
27. scales : fish
28. weeds : garden
29. shovel : soil
30. nation : president